

1.

(a) $\vec{F}_A = -400\hat{k}$ (N) ; $\vec{OA} = 2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j}$ m
 $\vec{F}_B = -600\hat{k}$ (N) ; $\vec{OB} = 10\hat{i} + 10\hat{j}$ m
 $\vec{F}_C = -300\hat{k}$ (N) ; $\vec{OC} = 16\hat{i} + 6\hat{j}$ m

$\vec{F}_R = \vec{F}_A + \vec{F}_B + \vec{F}_C = -1300\hat{k}$ (N)

Let $M(x, y, z)$ be the point of application of \vec{F}_R

Consider moment about O:

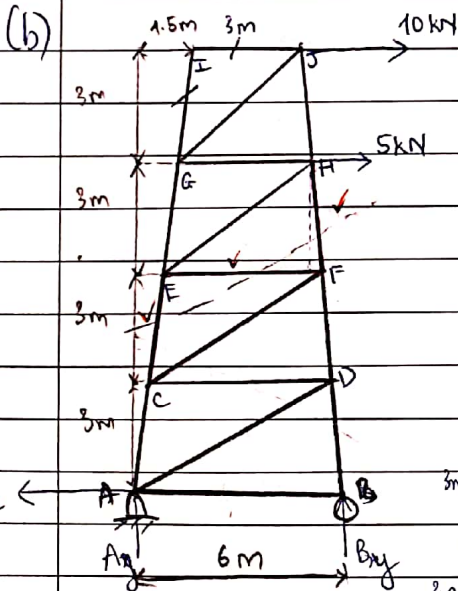
$\vec{OM} \times \vec{F}_R = \vec{OA} \times \vec{F}_A + \vec{OB} \times \vec{F}_B + \vec{OC} \times \vec{F}_C$

$(x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}) \times (-1300\hat{k}) = (2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j}) \times (-400\hat{k}) + (10\hat{i} + 10\hat{j}) \times (-600\hat{k}) + (16\hat{i} + 6\hat{j}) \times (-300\hat{k})$

$= 1300y\hat{i} + 1300x\hat{j} = -2000\hat{i} + 800\hat{j} - 6000\hat{i} + 6000\hat{j} + 4800\hat{j} - 1800\hat{i}$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} -1300y = -2000 - 6000 - 1800 = -9800 \\ +1300x = 800 + 6000 + 4800 = 11600 \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 8.92 \\ y = 7.54 \end{cases}$



Zero-force members: IJ, IG

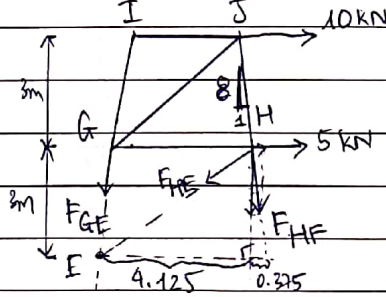
FBD: the whole structure:

$\sum F_x = 0: -A_x + 10 + 5 = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = 15 \text{ kN}$

$\sum m_B = 0: -A_y(6) + -5(9) - 10(12) = 0$

$\Rightarrow A_y = -27.5 \text{ kN}$

$\sum F_y = 0: A_y + B_y = 0 \Rightarrow B_y = 27.5 \text{ kN}$

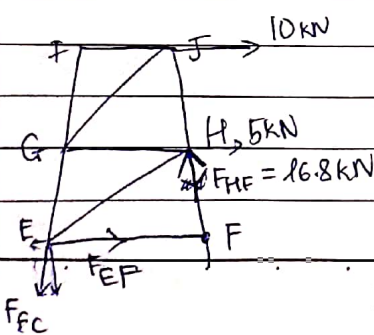


$\sum m_E = 0:$

$0 = -10(6) - 5(3) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}F_{HF}(3) - \frac{8}{\sqrt{5}}F_{HF}(4.125)$

$\Rightarrow F_{HF} = -16.8 \text{ kN}$

$= 16.8 \text{ kN (C) (ans)}$

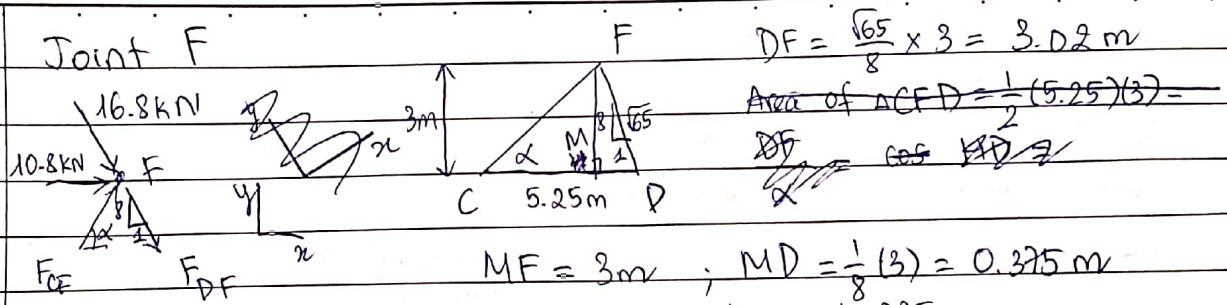


$\sum m_F = 0: -5(3) - 10(6) + \frac{8}{\sqrt{5}}F_{EC}(4.5) = 0$

$\Rightarrow F_{EC} = 16.8 \text{ kN (T) (ans)}$

$\sum F_x = 0: 10 + 5 + F_{EF} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(16.8) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(16.8) = 0$

$\Rightarrow F_{EF} = -10.8 \text{ kN (C) (ans)}$



$$MF = 3 \text{ m}; \quad MD = \frac{1}{8} (3) = 0.375 \text{ m}$$

$$MC = CD - MD = 4.875 \text{ m}$$

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1} (3/4.875) = 31.6^\circ$$

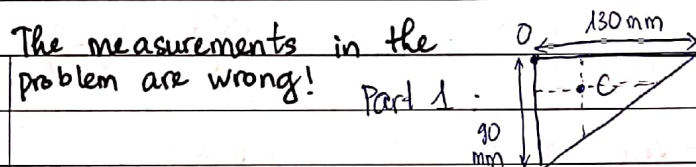
$$\sum F_x = 0: \quad 10.8 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{65}} (16.8) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{65}} F_{DF} + F_{CF} \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0: \quad F_{CF} \sin \alpha - \frac{8}{\sqrt{65}} F_{DF} - \frac{8}{\sqrt{65}} (16.8) = 0$$

$$\text{Solving for } F_{CF} \Rightarrow F_{CF} = -11.8 \text{ kN (C)}$$

2.
(a)

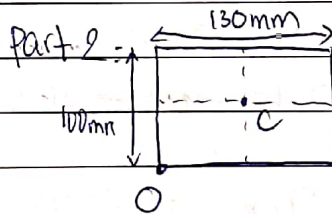
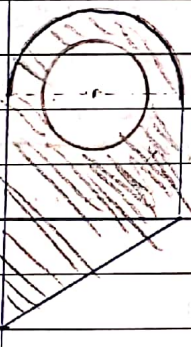
The measurements in the problem are wrong!



$$x_1 = \frac{130}{3} \text{ mm}$$

$$y_1 = -30 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_1 = \frac{1}{2} (90)(130) = 5850 \text{ mm}^2$$

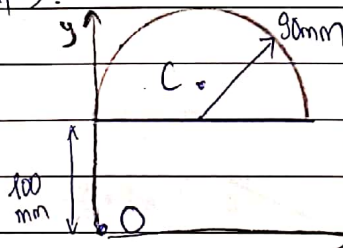


$$x_2 = \frac{130}{2} = 65 \text{ mm}$$

$$y_2 = 100/2 = 50 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_2 = (100)(130) = 13000 \text{ mm}^2$$

Part 3:

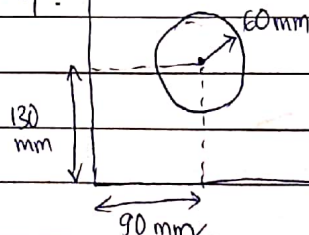


$$x_3 = 90 \text{ mm}$$

$$y_3 = 100 + \frac{4(90)}{3\pi} = 138.2 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_3 = \frac{1}{2} (\pi \times 90^2) = 12723 \text{ mm}^2$$

Part 4:



$$x_4 = 90 \text{ mm}, \quad y_4 = 130 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_4 = \pi (60^2) = 11310 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{130}{3} \times 5850 + 65 \times 13000 + 90 \times 12723 - 90 \times 11310 = 60.5$$

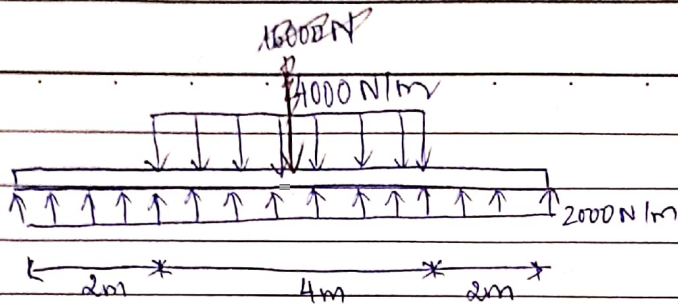
$$5850 + 13000 + 12723 - 11310$$

mm

$$\bar{y} = \frac{-30 \times 5850 + 50 \times 13000 + 138.2 \times 12723 - 130 \times 11310}{5850 + 13000 + 12723 - 11310} = -40.8 \text{ mm}$$

Besform

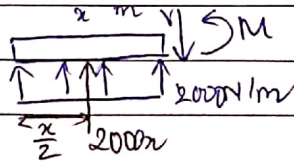
(b)



- For $0 \leq x \leq 2$ m:

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0: 2000x - V = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V = 2000x \text{ (N)}$$



$$\circlearrowleft \sum M = 0: M - 2000x \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) = 0 \Rightarrow M = 1000x^2 \text{ (N.m)}$$

- For $2 \leq x \leq 6$ m:

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0:$$

$$2000x - 4000(x-2) - V = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V = -2000x + 8000 \text{ (N)}$$

$$\circlearrowleft \sum M = 0: -2000x \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + 4000(x-2) \left(2 + \frac{x-2}{2} \right) + M = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = -1000x^2 + 8000x - 18000$$

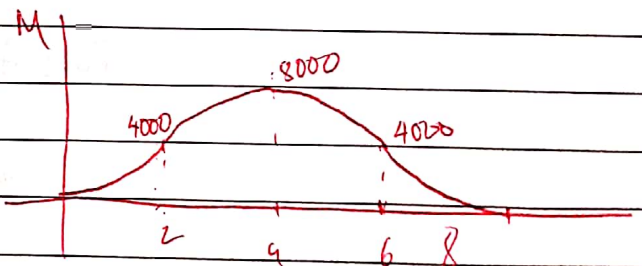
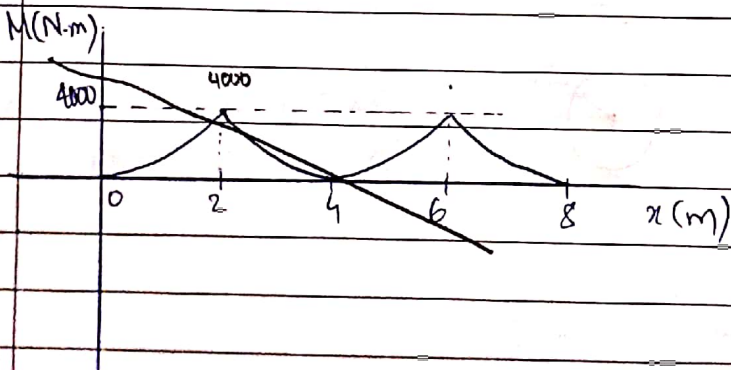
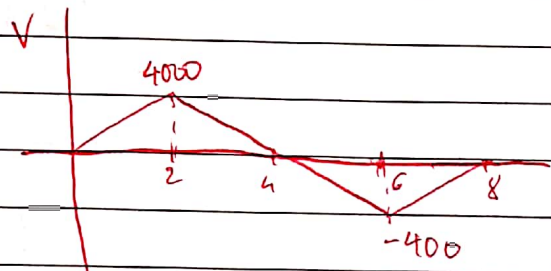
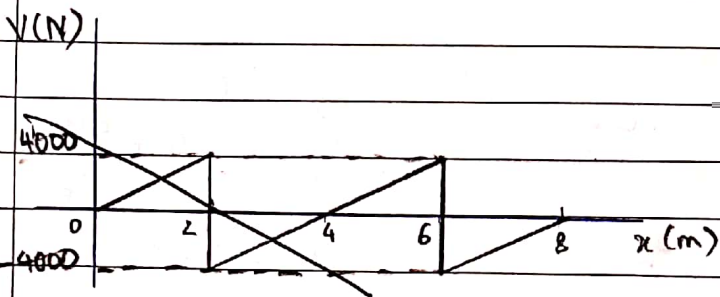
- For $6 \leq x \leq 8$ m:

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0:$$

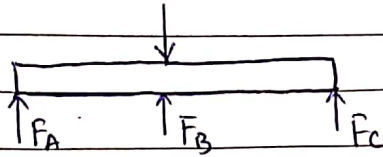
$$2000x - 16000 - V = 0 \Rightarrow V = 2000x - 16000 \text{ (N)}$$

$$\circlearrowleft \sum M = 0: +16000(x-4) - 2000x \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) + M = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = 1000x^2 - 16000x + 64000 \text{ (N.m)}$$



3(a)



$$\sum m_B = 0: -F_A(3000) + F_C(3000) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_A = F_C$$

$$\sum F_y = 0: F_A + F_B + F_C = 1000(10^3) \Rightarrow F_B = 1000(10^3) - 2F_A$$

$$\text{Compatibility: } \delta_A = \delta_C = \delta_B + 0.001$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{F_A L_A}{A_A E_A} = \frac{F_B L_B}{A_B E_B} + 0.001$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{F_A(1)}{\frac{\pi}{4}(0.02^2)(70 \times 10^9)} = \frac{[1000(10^3) - 2F_A](0.999)}{\frac{\pi}{4}(0.02^2)(70 \times 10^9)} + 0.001$$

$$\Rightarrow F_A = 340557 \text{ N}$$

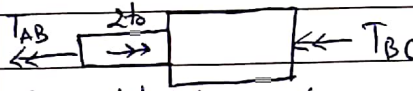
$$F_B = 1000(10^3) - 340557 \times 2 = 318886 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{For post B: } \epsilon_{\text{axial}} = \frac{\delta_B}{L_B} = \frac{F_B}{A_B E} = \frac{-318886}{\frac{\pi}{4}(0.02^2)(70 \times 10^9)} = -0.0145$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{lateral}} = -\nu \epsilon_{\text{axial}} = -0.35(-0.0145) = 0.0051$$

$$\Delta d = \epsilon_{\text{lateral}} d = 0.0051 \times 20 = 0.102 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{New diameter } d' = d + \Delta d = 20.102 \text{ mm}$$

(b)  $T_{AB} + T_{BC} = 2t_0$ (1)

$$\text{Compatibility: } \phi_{AB} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-T_{AB} L_{AB}}{G J_{AB}} + \int_0^{0.2} \frac{t_0 x dx}{G J_{AB}} - \frac{T_{BC} L_{BC}}{G J_{BC}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-T_{AB}(0.2)}{\frac{\pi}{2}(10^4)} + \int_0^{0.2} \frac{t_0 x dx}{\frac{\pi}{2}(10^4)} - \frac{T_{BC}(0.5)}{\frac{\pi}{2}(20^4)} = 0$$

$$-0.2 T_{AB} + 0.02 t_0 - T_{BC}(0.03125) = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\text{From (1) \& (2) } \Rightarrow T_{AB} = \frac{11 t_0}{135}; T_{BC} = \frac{16 t_0}{135}$$

$$\text{On AB } (T_{AB})_{\text{max}} = \frac{11 t_0}{135} (0.01) = t_0 (51.9 \times 10^3) = 60(10^6)$$

$$\Rightarrow t_0 = 1157 \text{ Pa/m}$$

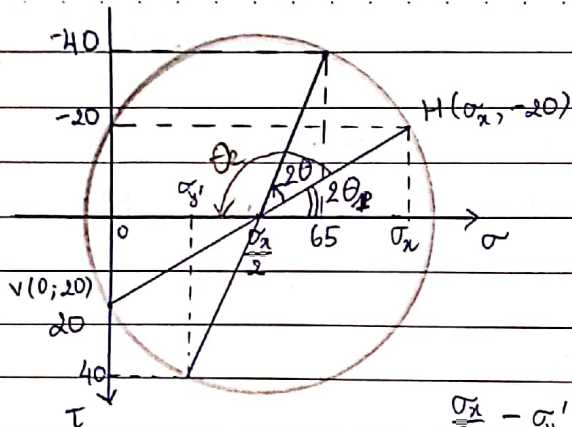
$$\text{On BC } (T_{BC})_{\text{max}} = \frac{16 t_0}{135} (0.02) = t_0 (943.4) = 60(10^6)$$

$$\Rightarrow t_0 = 6.36(10^3) \text{ Pa/m}$$

Hence, $t_0 = 1157 \text{ Pa/m}$



4(a)



$$\sigma_y = 0, \tau_{xy} = -20$$

$$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_x}{2}; \Delta\sigma = \frac{\sigma_x}{2}$$

$$R^2 = \left(\frac{\sigma_x}{2}\right)^2 + 20^2 = \left(\frac{65 - \sigma_x}{2}\right)^2 + 40^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_x^2}{4} + 400 = 65^2 - 65\sigma_x + \frac{\sigma_x^2}{4} + 40^2$$

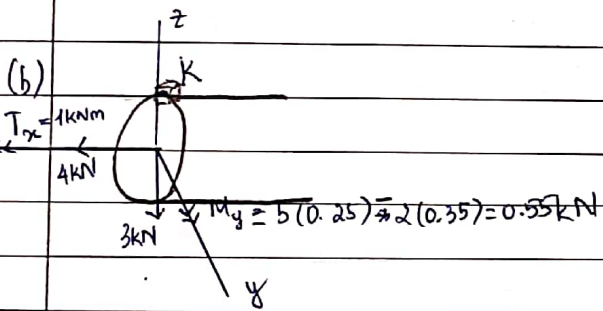
$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_x}{4} = 83.46 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_x}{2} - \sigma_y' = 65 - \frac{\sigma_x}{2} \Rightarrow \sigma_y' = 83.46 - 65 = 18.46 \text{ Pa}$$

$$2\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{40}{65 - \frac{83.46}{2}}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{20}{83.46/2}\right) \Rightarrow \theta = 17.10^\circ$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{83.46}{2}\right)^2 + 20^2} = 46.28$$

Principal stresses: $\sigma_1 = \frac{\sigma_x}{2} + R = \frac{83.46}{2} + 46.28 = 88.01 \text{ MPa}$ with $\theta_1 = -12.8^\circ$
 $\sigma_2 = \frac{\sigma_x}{2} - R = \frac{83.46}{2} - 46.28 = -4.55 \text{ MPa}$ with $\theta_2 = 77.2^\circ$
 $\tau_{max} = 46.28 \text{ MPa}$



$$A = \pi(20^2) = 1257 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$J = \frac{\pi}{2}(20^4) = 251.3 (10^3) \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I = \frac{\pi}{4}(20^4) = 125.7 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^4$$

Shear stress: - Due to shear force: $\tau = 0$

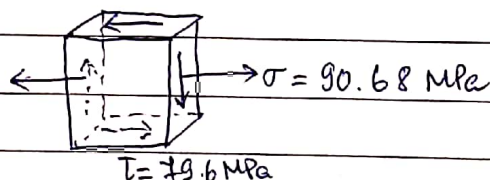
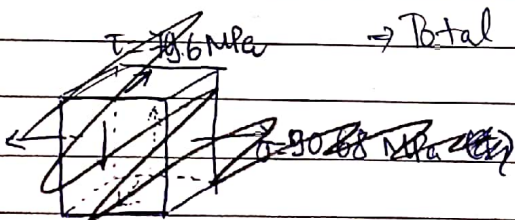
- Due to torsion: $\tau = \frac{T_x r}{J} = \frac{(1 \text{ kNm})(20 \text{ mm})}{251.3 (10^3) \text{ mm}^4} = 79.6 \text{ MPa}$

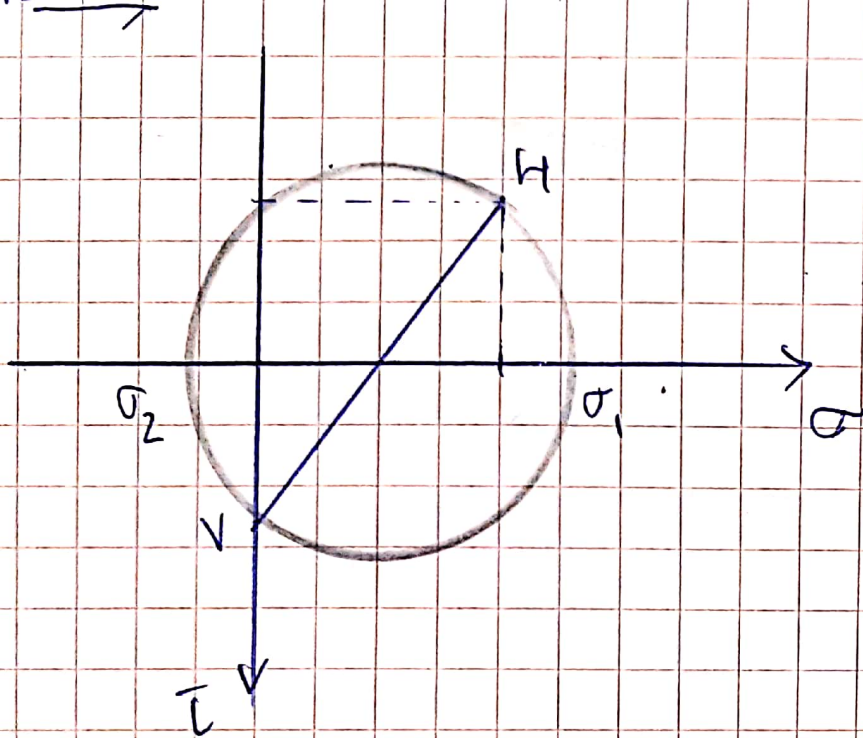
\Rightarrow Total $\tau = 79.6 \text{ MPa}$

Normal stress: - Due to axial force: $\sigma = \frac{N}{A} = \frac{4 \text{ kN}}{1257 \text{ mm}^2} = 3.18 \text{ MPa (T)}$

- Due to bending: $\sigma = \frac{M_y}{I} = \frac{(0.55 \text{ kN})(20 \text{ mm})}{125.7 (10^3) \text{ mm}^4} = 87.5 \text{ MPa (T)}$

\Rightarrow Total $\sigma = 3.18 + 87.5 = 90.68 \text{ MPa (T)}$





$$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{90.68}{2} = 45.34 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\Delta\sigma = 45.34 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\Delta\sigma^2 + \tau_{avg}^2} = \sqrt{45.34^2 + 79.6^2} = 91.61$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_{avg} + R = 136.95 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \sigma_{avg} - R = -46.27 \text{ MPa}$$

Hence maximum tensile stress = 136.95 MPa
 maximum compressive stress = 46.27 MPa
 maximum in-plane shear stress = 91.61 MPa